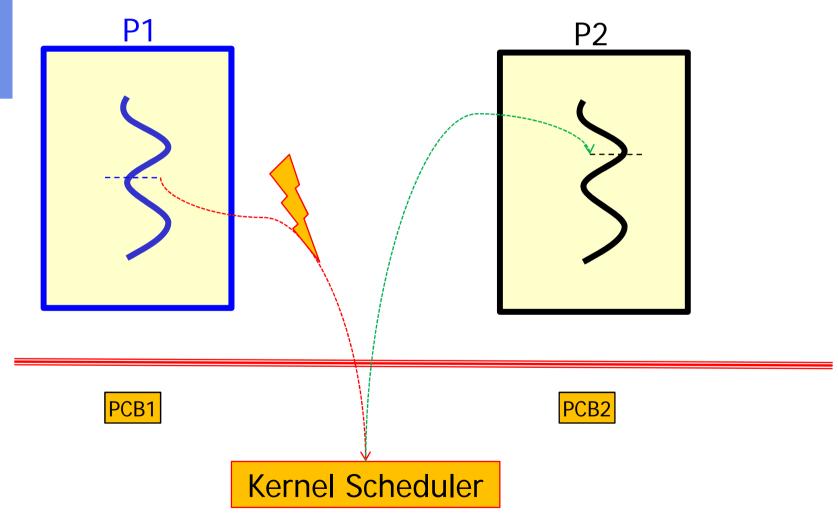
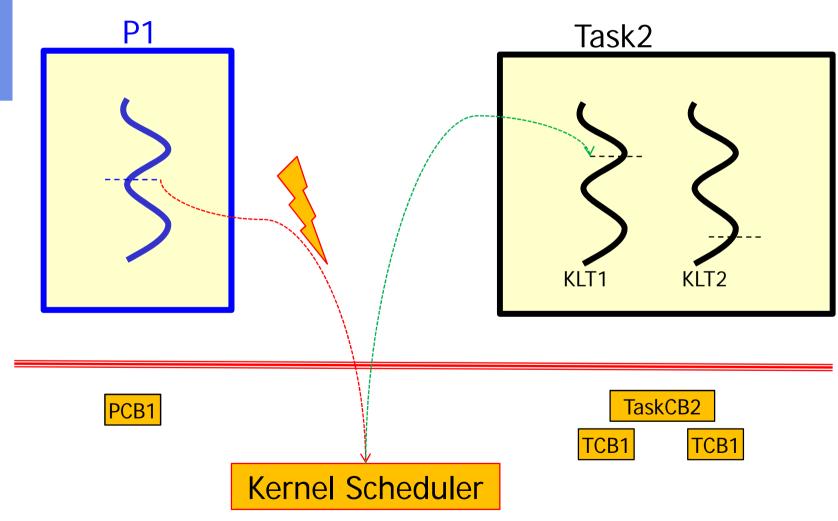


# Activity Switch (1) Process-Switch





# Activity Switch (2): Process-Task





### Blocking System Call?

- 2 major classes:
  - Waiting for work to be done on the peripheral or
  - Waiting for work to be done by some other KLT or process
- General template:
  - Enter kernel
  - 2. If the desired service not yet done then
    - block caller and wait until desired event will happen
    - switch to some other executable activity (e.g. another process, another KLT)
  - 3. Exit kernel

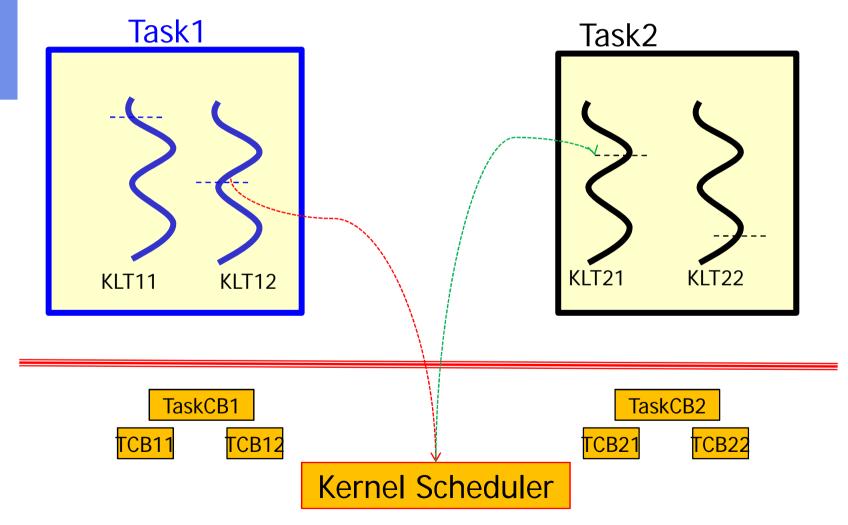


## **Blocking I/O System Call**

- Does some initial work in the kernel to prepare the desired I/O service
- Starts service running on a peripheral device by updating peripheral registers, etc.
- Blocks the calling user-land activity, e.g. the KLT (or process) and induces an activity\_switch, i.e.
  - a thread\_switch to another KLT of the same task or of another task or
  - a process\_switch to another process

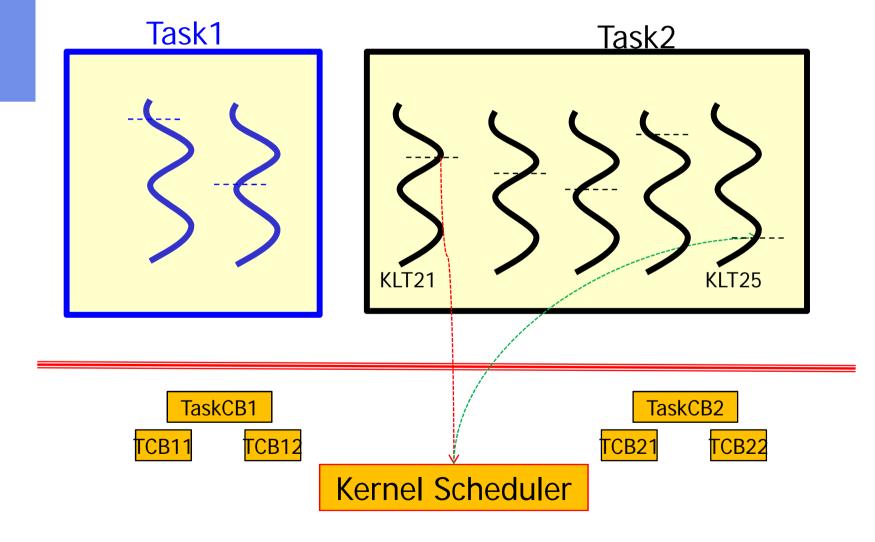


#### Cross-AS KLT Switch



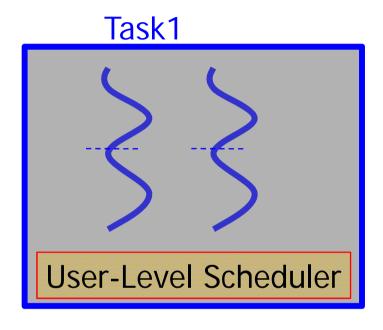


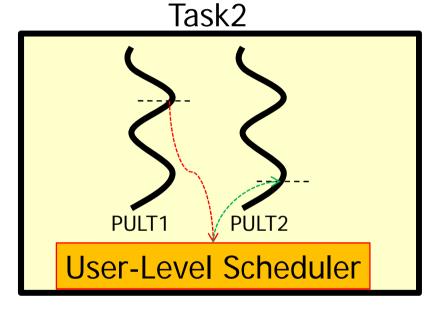
#### **AS-Internal KLT Switch**





### **AS-Internal PULT Switch**





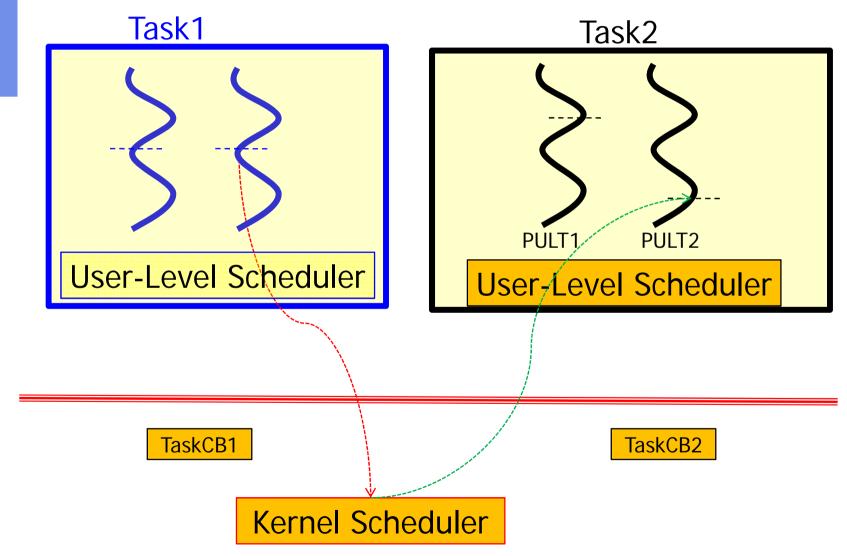
TaskCB1

TaskCB2

Kernel Scheduler



#### Cross-AS PULT Switch





## Thread-Save Programming

- Threads share their AS
  - Code of a thread should be reentrant, i.e. it should also work if executed multiple by another thread
    - Threads should not overwrite global variables mutually, but should use only local variables
    - Local variables are pushed onto their stacks
  - Per thread there must exist a private global variable errno